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The main source of -1- (A. Production B. Revenue C. development D. capital) to the government is -2- (A. planning B. budgeting C. Taxation .investment), which can be direct or indirect. While the former is based on one’s -3- (A. income B. profits C. services D. wealth), the latter is imposed on goods and -4- (A. re-numeration B. surpluses C. resources D. services) and it is paid only when these are -5- (A. supplied B. produced C. distributed D. bought) other sources includes -6- (A. compensation B. Benefits C. gratitude’s D. loyalties) such as those paid by mining companies, and sales of -7- (A. charges B. duties C. bills D. licenses) for dogs, guns, hotels, etc. another major source is -8- (A. investment B. banking C .interest D. borrowing) which is different from the other because it as to be repaid. From these and other sources, government is able to raise -9- (A. loans B. capitals C. money D. grant) with which it carries out its -10- (A. jobs B. necessities c. investments D. functions), which include administration and the -11- (A. settlement B. provision C. embarking D. commitment) of social services. Besides, it is able to control the country’s -12- (A. accounts B. budgets C. prices D. economy) by imposing taxes sometimes to prevent -13- (A. deflation B. monopoly C. inflation D. depression) or by altering pattern of -14- (A.
consumption B. production C. development D. growth) through the raising of -15- (a. subsidy B. discount C. commission D. duty) against certain foreign goods. Select the option that best fills the question labeled 10 in the above passage

A. jobs

B. necessities

C. investments

D. functions

The main source of -1- (A. Production B. Revenue C. development D. capital) to the government is -2-(A. planning B. budgeting C. Taxation investment), which can be direct or indirect. While the former is based on one’s -3-(A. income B. profits C. services D. wealth

B. discount

C. commission
The main source of -1- (A. Production B. Revenue C. development D. capital) to the government is -2-(A. planning B. budgeting C. Taxation .investment), which can be direct or indirect. while the former is based on one’s -3-(A. income B. profits C. services D. wealth), the latter is imposed on goods and -4-(A. re-numeration B. surpluses C. resources D. services) and it is paid only we these are -5- (A. supplied B. produced C. distributed D. bought) other sources includes -6- (A. compensation B. Benefits C. gratitude’s D. loyalties) such as those paid by mining companies, and sales of -7- (A. charges B. duties C. bills D. licenses ) for dogs, guns, hotels, etc. another major source is -8- (A. investment B. banking C. interest D. borrowing ) which is different from the other because it as to be repaid. From these and other sources, government is able to raise -9-(A. loans B. capitals C. money D. grant) with which it carries out its -10- (A. jobs B. necessities c. investments D. functions), which include administration and the -11- (A. settlement B. provision C. embarking D. duty
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A Income

B Profit

C Services

D Wealth

4 The main source of -1- (A. Production B. Revenue C. development D. capital) to the government is -2-(A. planning B. budgeting C. Taxation .investment), which can be direct or indirect. While the former is based on one’s -3-(A. income B. profits
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A re-numeration
The main source of -1- (A. Production B. Revenue C. Development D. Capital) to the government is -2- (A. Planning B. Budgeting C. Taxation, Investment), which can be direct or indirect. While the former is based on one’s -3- (A. Income B. Profits C. Services D. Wealth), the latter is imposed on goods and -4- (A. Re-numeration B. Surpluses C. Resources D. Services) and it is paid only when these are -5- (A. Supplied B. Produced C. Distributed D. Bought) other sources include -6- (A. Compensation B. Benefits C. Gratitude’s D. Loyalties) such as those paid by mining companies, and sales of -7- (A. Charges B. Duties C. Bills D. Licenses) for dogs, guns, hotels, etc. Another major source is -8- (A. Investment B. Banking C. Interest D. Borrowing) which is different from the other because it has to be repaid. From these and other sources, government is able to raise -9- (A. Loans B. Capitals C. Money D. Grant) with which it carries out
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A consumption

B production

C development

D growth
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consumption B. production C. development D. growth) through the raising of -15- (a. subsidy B. discount C. commission D. duty) against certain foreign goods. Read the passage carefully and answer the question labeled 12

A. accounts
B. budgets
C. prices
D. economy

7

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A settlement

B provision

C embarking

D commitment
The main source of -1- (A. Production B. Revenue C. development D. capital) to the government is -2-(A. planning B. budgeting C. Taxation .investment), which can be direct or indirect. While the former is based on one’s -3-(A. income B. profits C. services D. wealth), the latter is imposed on goods and -4-(A. re-numeration B. surpluses C. resources D. services) and it is paid only where these are -5- (A. supplied B. produced C. distributed D. bought) other sources includes -6- (A. compensation B. Benefits C. gratitude’s D. loyalties) such as those paid by mining companies, and sales of -7- (A. charges B. duties C. bills D. licenses) for dogs, guns, hotels, etc. Another major source is -8- (A. investment B. banking C. interest D. borrowing) which is different from the other because it is to be repaid. From these and other sources, government is able to raise -9-(A. loans B. capitals C. money D. grant) with which it carries out its -10- (A. jobs B. necessities c. investments D. functions), which include administration and the -11-
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A loans
B capitals
C money
D grant

9

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A deflation
B monopoly
C inflation
D depression

This question is from the novel The Last Days at Forcados High school.

‘Sorry does anyone know you’re here? does daddy know?… who said this and to who?

A Mr. Solade to Mrs. Solade
B Mrs. Solade to Mr. Solade
C Jimi to Wole
D Wole to Jimi
Choose the option that best completes the sentence.

He did not attend the final burial..............

A  rite  
B  rights  
C  rites  
D  right

This question is from the novel 'The Last Days at Forcados High school'.

Who were the two people Seyi lawal and Jimi met coming out of the principal office?

A  Efua and her Mother
13 This question is from the novel 'The Last Days at Forcados High school'.

What did Wole pick up from Jimi’s Table beside Jimi’s music CD’s, chemistry and Mathematics Textbooks?

A a pen

B a watch

C a book

D a toy

14 Select the wrongly spelt words
This question is from the novel 'The Last Days at Forcados High school'.

Who was the teacher to whom the students called “cane”?

A Mr Bade
B Mr Okoro
C Mama Silifat
D Mr Solade
16 I have the ---------- of meeting him

A previlege
B privilege
C previledge
D priviledge

17 This question is from the novel The Last Days at Forcados High school.

What is the name of Efua’s Aunt?

A funmi
B Moni
18 From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same vowel sound as the one represented by the underlined letters or letters underlined.

Seat

A hide

B peasant

C head

D people

19 Choose the option that best fills the gap.

The choice to go is --------------
From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same vowel sound as the one represented by the underlined letters or letters underlined.

Pass

A earth
B clerk
C pass
D man
21 From the options, choose the word(s) that best fill the gap.

Mrs Godwin ---------------- in this school since 2001

A taught

B was teaching

C teaches

D has been teaching.

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22 This question is from the novel 'The Last Days at Forcados High school'.

“Nene, this is my niece Efua Coker”. Who made this statement?
From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same vowel sound as the one represented by the underlined letters or letters underlined.

Power

A flour

B higher

C liar

D flier
24 From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that rhymes with the given word.

Fret

A freight
B height
C threat
D thread

25 This question is from the novel 'The Last Days at Forcados High school'.

Who laugh in such a way that showed only his upper teeth?

A Seyi Lawal
B Ansa boy
C Kemi
26 From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same vowel sound as the one represented by the underlined letters or letters underlined.

Done

A don

B sun

C clown

D dawn

27 This question is from the novel 'The Last Days at Forcados High school'.
Who was Efua related to?

A  Arisa
B  Jimi
C  Mrs. Alli
D  Mr. Mallum

This question is from the novel 'The Last Days at Forcados High school'.

In three words, describe the principal (Mr. Mallum) as described in the novel.

A  small, wiry and spoke through his nose
B  fat, smooth-cheeked and loved his job
C  tall, good-looking and funny
D  wicked, ugly and tall.
29 Choose the option that best fills the gap.

It has been confirmed that the election -------------- held in July next year

A will be

B is being

C has been

D have being

30 This question is from the novel The Last Days at Forcados High school.

What was the early morning surprise Jimi get while he was still half-asleep?
31 From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that rhymes with the given word.

Breeze

A stress
B chess
C free
D trees
32  Select the wrongly spelt words

A  quite
B  beleive
C  proceed
D  advise/advice

33  From the options, choose the word(s) that best fill the gap.

If the armed robbers ------------------------ caught, they would have been lynched

A  would be
B  have been
C  are
D  had been
34 Shakespearian ------------ are generally the victims of circumstance.

A heros
B heroses
C hero
D heroes

35 The brave officer -------- the time bomb

A diffused
B druse
C defused
D difused
This question is from the novel The Last Days at Forcados High school.

Who was the best student in chemistry?

A. Ansa
B. Caro
C. Nene
D. Jimi

Select the wrongly spelt words
A disappointed  
B embarassed  
C equipped  
D restaurant  

38. From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same consonant sounds as the one represented by the letters underlined.

Hang  
A hinge  
B tinge  
C song  
D balm
39 Choose the option that best fills the gap.

The trader complained that he --------------- robbed

A had been

B has been

C was being

D is being

40 From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same vowel sound as the one represented by the underlined letters or letters underlined.

Purse

A journey

B pays

C heart
This question is from the novel 'The Last Days at Forcados High school'.

“come here, you pretty child; I hear you will be going to the same school as my daughter.’ Who made this statement and to whom?

A Aunt Moni said this to Efua
B Efua to Aunt Moni
C Mrs. Ekpo said this to Efua
D Aunt Moni to Mrs. Ekpo
From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same vowel sound as the one represented by the underlined letters or letters underlined.

Shoe

A full
B food
C put
D blood

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This question is from the novel The Last Days at Forcados High school.

‘No more chains in trousers or dangling earrings for the girls. There will be an inspection of fingernails and socks during assembly. Principal’s orders’ who said this?
In each of the following questions, the main/primary stress is indicated by writing the syllable in which it occurs in capital letters. From the words lettered A to D, choose the one that has the correct stress.

EDUCATION

A E-du-ca-tion

B e-DU-ca-tion

C e-du-CA-tion

D e-du-ca-TION
This question is from the novel The Last Days at Forcados High school.

__________ had been expelled from two different schools and kicked out of the university.

A jolly
B Jimi
C nene ekpo
D wole

Malnutrition has been described as a tragedy of great magnitude. WHO (World Health Organisation) declares that it is an accomplice in at least half of the 10.4 million child deaths each year. Malnutrition covers a wide range of illness from under-nourishment due to a lack of one or more nutrients
such as vitamin and mineral deficiencies to obesity and other diet-related chronic diseases. However, Protein Energy Malnutrition (PEM) is by far the lethal form of malnutrition. Malnutrition is not restricted to children. It casts long shadows in the developing world according to WHO.

Industrialized countries are not free from the scourge of malnutrition as about 11 million people suffer from it. Malnutrition is caused by a deficiency in the intake of nutrients by the cells of the body and it is usually triggered by a combination of factors, an insufficient intake of proteins, calories, vitamins and minerals and frequent infections. Illnesses such as diarrhea, measles, malaria, and respiratory diseases that the body heavily and cause loss of nutrients. They reduce appetite and food intake thus contributing to malnutrition.

Children are at a greater risk of suffering malnutrition. This is because they are in a period of rapid growth that increases the demand for calories and proteins. For similar reasons pregnant and nursing women are easily prone to malnutrition.

Frequently the baby’s problem begins even before birth. If a mother is undernourished or malnourished before and during pregnancy, the baby will have low
weight. Then early weaning, poor feeding habits and lack of hygiene can bring malnutrition. Malnutrition wreaks havoc on the body particularly that of a child and various studies have shown that poor growth in the child is associated with impaired mental development and poor scholastic and intellectual performance. A report from united state calls these effects the most serious long term results of malnutrition. For children who survived malnutrition the aftermath can linger on into adulthood. What, according to the passage is the most lethal form of malnutrition?

A menial deficiencies

B Obesity

C diet-related chronic diseases

D protein-energy malnutrition

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A. It cause obesity

B. It has great magnitude

C. It is an accomplice of at least half of the 1.4 million child death each year

D. It is all over the world and popular even among the rich and the poor.
Four persons accused with currency trafficking are being held by the securing agents.

From the options, choose the word(s) that best fill the gap.

Each of the contestants has a chance now.

A has
B have
C get
D gets
50. From the options, choose the word(s) that best fill the gap.

Toyosi arrived late, -------------- the right route

A. Cannot have taken  
B. Could not have take  
C. could not had taken  
D. could not have taken

51. From the options, choose the word(s) that best fill the gap.
It was a funny episode, I -----------------

A  Can’t help to laugh
B  Couldn’t help laugh
C  couldn’t help laughing
D  couldn’t help to laugh

52 From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that rhymes with the given word.

Pale

A  pail
B  palm
C  mall
D  haul
This question is from the novel 'The Last Days at Forcados High school'.

Forcado is a nice school. They always have excellent results. I told a few people you were coming

A Aunty moni said this to Efua
B Efua said this to aunty Moni
C Jimi said this to Wole
D Wole said this to Jimi

Choose the option that best fills the gap.

They ------------------ our donation with thanks

A recieved
B receipt
C received
55 From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that rhymes with the given word.

Tenderly

A actually

B slenderly

C faithfully

D constantly

56 This question is from the novel 'The Last Days at Forcados High school'.
‘What is this good-for-nothing doing in my house’. Whose words were these?

A Jimi
B Mrs Solade
C Mr solade
D Wole

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57 From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same vowel sound as the one represented by the underlined letters or letters underlined.

Brought

A roar
B plough
C drought
58 From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same consonant sounds as the one represented by the letters underlined.

Gritty

A asked
B sachet
C depot
D wrestle

59 Choose the option that best fills the gap.

Whilst the thief was -------------- the passengers kept apologizing for the inconveniences he was causing them.
This question is from the novel 'The Last Days at Forcados High school'.

‘I could hear his voice from a distance, rowdy and full of fun as usual,’ to whom were these words said to and who said it?

A  Ansa to Nene Ekpo

B  Nene ekpo to Ansa

C  Efua to seyi lawal

D  Jimi to Nene ekpo
From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same consonant sounds as the one represented by the letters underlined.

Zoo

A assault
B assist
C release
D please

From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same consonant sounds as the one represented by the letters underlined.

Chalet

A champion
This question is from the novel The Last Days at Forcados High school.

What was the name of Jimi’s elder brother who stays abroad?

A Wole
B Femi
C Ansa
D Jolly

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From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same consonant sounds as the one represented by the letters underlined.

dice

A shame
B cue
C chair
D loss

Choose the option that best fills the gap.

My --------------------- is for you to refuse the ---------- ---- of the wicked

A advise/advice
B advice/advice
C advice/advise
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66 Choose the option that best fills the gap.

That single ---------------- was enough to spoil a whole lifetime of good living

A occurrence

B occurence

C ocurrence

D occurenses

67 From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same vowel sound as the one represented by the underlined letters or letters underlined.
The officer was compelled to **seize** the suspect’s car.

A. seize
B. cease
c. seize
D. sease
69 Choose the option that best fills the gap.

For taking part in the unsuccessful ------------------,
the mutineers were court-martialed

A coope
B copes
C coup
D coupe

70 Choose the option that best fills the gap.

He missed the point because he took the statement ---
-------

A literally
B litaraily
C literary
unilaterally

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71 From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that rhymes with the given word.

Worst

A burst

B haste

C guessed

D perched
72 From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same vowel sound as the one represented by the underlined letters or letters underlined.

**Owl**

A bowl

B tow

C howl

D route

73 This question is from the novel 'The Last Days at Forcados High school'.

What did papa Solade do after knowing that Wole and Jimi still saw secretly?

A he flogged Jimi

B he flogged Wole
sent jim away to Ibadan

sent jim's mother away

This question is from the novel 'The Last Days at Forcados High school'.

‘Jims, we have a perfect meeting with Mr Mallum now’ who made this statement?

A Seyi Lawal

B Mr Mallum

C Mrs. Solade

D Femi

From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same vowel sound as the one represented by the underlined letters or letters underlined.
This question is from the novel The Last Days at Forcados High school.

In chapter two, after the national anthem and assembly prayers, who gave a brief talk welcoming everyone?

A Seyi Lawal

B Jimi
Choose the option that best fills the gap.

Most of his personal ---------------stolen

A effects were
B affects was
C effects was
D defects

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This question is from the novel The Last Days at Forcados High school.
What prefect was Jimi?

A. food prefect  
B. assembly prefect  
C. health prefect  
D. the headboy

This question is from the novel The Last Days at Forcados High school.

Someone called Jimi after he left his food and got outside the gate of his house, Who is it?

A. Jimi uncle  
B. Seyi lawal  
C. Mr.mallum  
D. Ansa
Choose the option that best fills the gap.

The --------------- in an attempt to please the workers promised to provide for them an.........as soon as possible.

A Commitee/ accommodation
B Comittee/ acommodation
C committe/accommodasion
D committee/ accommodation

From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same consonant sounds as the one represented by the letters underlined.

Straight
The main source of -1- (A. Production B. Revenue C. development D. capital) to the government is -2- (A. planning B. budgeting C. Taxation .investment), which can be direct or indirect. While the former is based on one’s -3- (A. income B. profits C. services D. wealth), the latter is imposed on goods and -4- (A. re-numeration B. surpluses C. resources D. services) and it is paid only if these are -5- (A. supplied B. produced C. distributed D. bought) other sources includes -6- (A. compensation B. Benefits C. gratitude’s D. loyalties) such as those paid by mining companies, and sales of -7- (A. charges B. duties C. bills D. licenses ) for dogs, guns, hotels, etc. another major source is -8- (A. investment B. banking C. interest D. borrowing ) which is different from the other because it as to be repaid. From these and other
sources, government is able to raise -9- (A. loans B. capitals C. money D. grant) with which it carries out its -10- (A. jobs B. necessities c. investments D. functions), which include administration and the -11- (A. settlement B. provision C. embarking D. commitment) of social services. Besides, it is able to control the country’s -12- (A. accounts B. budgets C. prices D. economy) by imposing taxes sometimes to prevent -13- (A. deflation B. monopoly C. inflation D. depression) or by altering pattern of -14- (A. consumption B. production C. development D. growth) through the raising of -15- (a. subsidy B. discount C. commission D. duty) against certain foreign goods. Select the option that best fills the question labeled 10 in the above passage

A jobs

B necessities

C investments

D functions
The main source of -1- (A. Production B. Revenue C. development D. capital) to the government is -2-(A. planning B. budgeting C. Taxation .investment), which can be direct or indirect. While the former is based on one’s -3-(A. income B. profits C. services D. wealth), the latter is imposed on goods and -4-(A. re-numeration B. surpluses C. resources D. services) and it is paid only when these are -5- (A. supplied B. produced C. distributed D. bought) other sources includes -6- (A. compensation B. Benefits C. gratitude’s D. loyalties) such as those paid by mining companies, and sales of -7- (A. charges B. duties C. bills D. licenses) for dogs, guns, hotels, etc. Another major source is -8- (A. investment B. banking C. interest D. borrowing) which is different from the other because it has to be repaid. From these and other sources, government is able to raise -9-(A. loans B. capitals C. money D. grant) with which it carries out its -10- (A. jobs B. necessities c. investments D. functions), which include administration and the -11- (A. settlement B. provision C. embarking D. commitment) of social services. Besides, it is able to control the country’s -12- (A. accounts B. budgets C. prices D. economy) by imposing taxes sometimes to prevent -13-(A. deflation B. monopoly C. inflation D. depression) or by altering pattern of -14- (A. consumption B. production C. development D. growth) through the raising of -15- (a. subsidy B.}
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A Income

B Profit

C Services

D Wealth
The main source of -1- (A. Production B. Revenue C. Development D. Capital) to the government is -2- (A. Planning B. Budgeting C. Taxation D. Investment), which can be direct or indirect. While the former is based on one’s -3- (A. Income B. Profits C. Services D. Wealth), the latter is imposed on goods and -4- (A. Re-numeration B. Surpluses C. Resources D. Services) and it is paid only we these are -5- (A. Supplied B. Produced C. Distributed D. Bought) other sources includes -6- (A. Compensation B. Benefits C. Gratitude’s D. Loyalties) such as those paid by mining companies, and sales of -7- (A. Charges B. Duties C. Bills D. Licenses) for dogs, guns, hotels, etc. Another major source is -8- (A. Investment B. Banking C. Interest D. Borrowing) which is different from the other because it as to be repaid. From these and other sources, government is able to raise -9- (A. Loans B. Capitals C. Money D. Grant) with which it carries out its -10- (A. Jobs B. Necessities e. Investments D. Functions), which include administration and the -11-
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A re-numeration

B surpluses

C resources

D services
The main source of -1- (A. Production B. Revenue C. development D. capital) to the government is -2- (A. planning B. budgeting C. Taxation. investment), which can be direct or indirect. While the former is based on one’s -3- (A. income B. profits C. services D. wealth), the latter is imposed on goods and -4- (A. re-numeration B. surpluses C. resources D. services) and it is paid only when these are -5- (A. supplied B. produced C. distributed D. bought) other sources include -6- (A. compensation B. Benefits C. gratitude’s D. loyalties) such as those paid by mining companies, and sales of -7- (A. charges B. duties C. bills D. licenses) for dogs, guns, hotels, etc. Another major source is -8- (A. investment B. banking C. interest D. borrowing) which is different from the other because it as to be repaid. From these and other sources, government is able to raise -9- (A. loans B. capitals C. money D. grant) with which it carries out its -10- (A. jobs B. necessities c. investments D. functions), which include administration and the -11- (A. settlement B. provision C. embarking D. commitment) of social services. Besides, it is able to control the country’s -12- (A. accounts B. budgets C. prices D. economy) by imposing taxes sometimes to prevent -13- (A. deflation B. monopoly C. inflation D. depression) or by altering pattern of -14- (A. consumption B. production C. development D. growth) through the raising of -15- (a. subsidy B.
discount C. commission D. duty) against certain foreign goods. Read the passage carefully and answer the question labeled 14

A consumption  
B production  
C development  
D growth

87

The main source of -1- (A. Production B. Revenue C. development D. capital) to the government is -2- (A. planning B. budgeting C. Taxation investment), which can be direct or indirect. While the former is based on one’s -3- (A. income B. profits C. services D. wealth), the latter is imposed on goods and -4- (A. re-numeration B. surpluses C. resources D. services) and it is paid only when these are -5- (A. supplied B. produced C. distributed D. bought) other sources include -6- (A. compensation B. Benefits C. gratitude’s D. loyalties) such as those paid by mining companies, and sales of -7- (A. charges B. duties C.
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A accounts

B budgets

C prices

D economy
The main source of -1- (A. Production B. Revenue C. development D. capital) to the government is -2- (A. planning B. budgeting C. Taxation investment), which can be direct or indirect. While the former is based on one’s -3- (A. income B. profits C. services D. wealth), the latter is imposed on goods and -4- (A. re-numeration B. surpluses C. resources D. services) and it is paid only we these are -5- (A. supplied B. produced C. distributed D. bought) other sources includes -6- (A. compensation B. Benefits C. gratitude’s D. loyalties) such as those paid by mining companies, and sales of -7- (A. charges B. duties C. bills D. licenses) for dogs, guns, hotels, etc. another major source is -8- (A. investment B. banking C. interest D. borrowing) which is different from the other because it as to be repaid. From these and other sources, government is able to raise -9- (A. loans B. capitals C. money D. grant) with which it carries out its -10- (A. jobs B. necessities c. investments D. functions), which include administration and the -11- (A. settlement B. provision C. embarking D. commitment) of social services. Besides, it is able to control the country’s -12- (A. accounts B. budgets C. prices D. economy) by imposing taxes sometimes to
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A loans

B capitals

C money
The main source of -1- (A. Production B. Revenue C. development D. capital) to the government is -2-(A. planning B. budgeting C. Taxation .investment), which can be direct or indirect. while the former is based on one’s -3-(A. income B. profits C. services D. wealth), the latter is imposed on goods and -4-(A. re-numeration B. surpluses C. resources D. services) and it is paid only we these are -5- (A. supplied B. produced C. distributed D. bought) other sources includes -6- (A. compensation B. Benefits C. gratitude’s D. loyalties) such as those paid by mining companies, and sales of -7- (A. charges B. duties C. bills D. licenses ) for dogs, guns, hotels, etc. another major source is -8- (A. investment B. banking C. interest D. borrowing ) which is different from the other because it as to be repaid. From these and other sources, government is able to raise -9-(A. loans B. capitals C. money D. grant) with which it carries out its -10- (A. jobs B. necessities c. investments D. functions), which include administration and the -11- (A. settlement B. provision C. embarking D.
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A  deflation
B  monopoly
C  inflation
D  depression

This question is from the novel The Last Days at Forcados High school.
‘Sorry does anyone know you’re here? does daddy know?… who said this and to who?

A Mr. Solade to Mrs. Solade

B Mrs. Solade to Mr. Solade

C Jimi to Wole

D Wole to Jimi

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92 Choose the option that best completes the sentence.

He did not attend the final burial.............

A rite

B rights

C rites

D right
This question is from the novel 'The Last Days at Forcados High school'.

Who were the two people Seyi lawal and Jimi met coming out of the principal office?

A. Efua and her Mother
B. Mr and Mrs Solade
C. Caro and Nene Ekpo
D. Teacher okoro and mama Silifat

This question is from the novel 'The Last Days at Forcados High school'.

What did Wole pick up from Jimi’s Table beside Jimi’s music CD’s, chemistry and Mathematics Textbooks?
A a pen
B a watch
C a book
D a toy

Select the wrongly spelt words

A occurrence
B surprise
C personnel
D posses

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This question is from the novel 'The Last Days at Forcados High school'.

Who was the teacher to whom the students called “cane”?

A. Mr Bade
B. Mr Okoro
C. Mama Silifat
D. Mr Solade

I have the ---------- of meeting him

A. previlege
B. privilege
C. previledge
D. priviledge
This question is from the novel The Last Days at Forcados High school.

What is the name of Efua’s Aunt?

A funmi
B Moni
C Mrs solade
D Nene ekpo

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From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same vowel sound as the one represented by the underlined letters or letters underlined.

Seat
Choose the option that best fills the gap.

The choice to go is "__________"

A. yours'
B. your
C. yours
D. your's
From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same vowel sound as the one represented by the underlined letters or letters underlined.

Pass

A earth
B clerk
C pass
D man

From the options, choose the word(s) that best fill the gap.

Mrs Godwin -------------- in this school since 2001

A taught
B was teaching
C teaches
This question is from the novel 'The Last Days at Forcados High school'.

“Nene, this is my niece Efua Coker”. Who made this statement?

A Moni

B Efua

C Mrs. Ekpo

D none

From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same vowel sound as the one represented by the underlined letters or letters underlined.

Power
From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that rhymes with the given word.

Fret

A freight
B height
C threat
D thread

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This question is from the novel 'The Last Days at Forcados High school'.

Who laugh in such a way that showed only his upper teeth?

A Seyi Lawal
B Ansa boy
C Kemi
D Wole

From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same vowel sound as the one represented by the underlined letters or letters underlined.

Done
A don
This question is from the novel 'The Last Days at Forcados High school'.

Who was Efua related to?

A Arisa
B Jimi
C Mrs. Alli
D Mr. Mallum
In three words, describe the principal (Mr. Mallum) as described in the novel.

A small, wiry and spoke through his nose
B fat, smooth-cheeked and loved his job
C tall, good-looking and funny
D wicked, ugly and tall.

Choose the option that best fills the gap.

It has been confirmed that the election -------------- held in July next year

A will be
B is being
C has been
D have being
This question is from the novel The Last Days at Forcados High school.

What was the early morning surprise Jimi get while he was still half-asleep?

A. Mrs Solade’s return
B. Mr. Solade’s return
C. Tupac Shakur’s return
D. Wole’s return

From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that rhymes with the given word.

Breeze

A. stress
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113 Select the wrongly spelt words

A quite
B beleive
C proceed
D advise/advice

114 From the options, choose the word(s) that best fill the gap.
If the armed robbers were caught, they would have been lynched.

A. would be
B. have been
C. are
D. had been

Shakespearian are generally the victims of circumstance.

A. heros
B. heroses
C. hero
D. heroes
116 The brave officer ---------- the time bomb

A diffused
B druse
C defused
D difused

117 This question is from the novel The Last Days at Forcados High school.

Who was the best student in chemistry?

A Ansa
B Caro
C Nene
Select the wrongly spelt words

A
disappointed

B
eembarassed

C
equipped

D
restaurant

From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same consonant sounds as the one represented by the letters underlined.

Hang

A hinge

B tinge
Choose the option that best fills the gap.

The trader complained that he -------------- robbed

A had been  
B has been  
C was being  
D is being
121 From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same vowel sound as the one represented by the underlined letters or letters underlined.

Purse

A journey

B pays

C heart

D course

122 This question is from the novel 'The Last Days at Forcados High school'.

“come here, you pretty child; I hear you will be going to the same school as my daughter.’ Who made this statement and to whom?

A Aunt Moni said this to Efua

B Efua to Aunt Moni
Mrs. Ekpo said this to Efua

Aunt Moni to Mrs. Ekpo

From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same vowel sound as the one represented by the underlined letters or letters underlined.

Shoe

A full

B food

C put

D blood

This question is from the novel The Last Days at Forcados High school.
‘No more chains in trousers or dangling earrings for the girls. There will be an inspection of fingernails and socks during assembly. Principal’s orders’ who said this?

A the senior prefect
B principal
C headboy
D non-teaching staff

In each of the following questions, the main/primary stress is indicated by writing the syllable in which it occurs in capital letters. From the words lettered A to D, choose the one that has the correct stress.

EDUCATION

A E-du-ca-tion
B e-DU-ca-tion
This question is from the novel *The Last Days at Forcados High school*.

___________ had been expelled from two different schools and kicked out of the university.

A jolly

B Jimi

C nene ekpo

D wole

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Malnutrition has been described as a tragedy of great magnitude. WHO (World Health Organisation) declares that it is an accomplice in at least half of the 10.4 million child deaths each year. Malnutrition covers a wide range of illness from under-nourishment due to a lack of one or more nutrients such as vitamin and mineral deficiencies to obesity and other diet-related chronic diseases. However, Protein Energy Malnutrition (PEM) is by far the lethal form of malnutrition. Malnutrition is not restricted to children. It casts long shadows in the developing world according to WHO.

Industrialized countries are not free from the scourge of malnutrition as about 11 million people suffer from it. Malnutrition is caused by a deficiency in the intake of nutrients by the cells of the body and it is usually triggered by a combination of factors, an insufficient intake of proteins, calories, vitamins and minerals and frequent infections. Illnesses such as diarrhea, measles, malaria, and respiratory diseases that the body heavily and cause loss of nutrients. They reduce appetite and food intake thus contributing to malnutrition.

Children are at a greater risk of suffering
malnutrition. This is because they are in a period of rapid growth that increases the demand for calories and proteins. For similar reasons pregnant and nursing women are easily prone to malnutrition.

Frequently the baby’s problem begins even before birth. If a mother is undernourished or malnourished before and during pregnancy, the baby will have low weight. Then early weaning, poor feeding habits and lack of hygiene can bring malnutrition. Malnutrition wreaks havoc on the body particularly that of a child and various studies have shown that poor growth in the child is associated with impaired mental development and poor scholastic and intellectual performance. A report from the United States calls these effects the most serious long-term results of malnutrition. For children who survived malnutrition the aftermath can linger on into adulthood. What, according to the passage is the most lethal form of malnutrition?

A menial deficiencies

B Obesity

C diet-related chronic diseases

D protein-energy malnutrition
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A it cause obesity

B it has great magnitude

C it is an accomplice of at least half of the 1.4 million child death each year
it is all over the world and popular even among the rich and the poor.

129 Four persons accused with currency --------------- are being held by the securing agents

A trafficking
B trafiking
C trafficking
D traffic

130 From the options, choose the word(s) that best fill the gap.

Each of the contestants -------------- a chance now

A has
B have
From the options, choose the word(s) that best fill the gap.

Toyosi arrived late, --------------- the right route

A Cannot have taken

B Could not have take

C could not had taken

D could not have taken
From the options, choose the word(s) that best fill the gap.

It was a funny episode, I ---------------

A Can’t help to laugh
B Couldn’t help laugh
C couldn’t help laughing
D couldn’t help to laugh

From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that rhymes with the given word.

Pale
A pail
B palm
C mall
This question is from the novel 'The Last Days at Forcados High school'.

Forcado is a nice school. They always have excellent results. I told a few people you were coming

A Aunty moni said this to Efua

B Efua said this to aunty Moni

C Jimi said this to Wole

D wole said this to Jimi

Choose the option that best fills the gap.
They ------------------ our donation with thanks

A received
B receipt
C received
D receeived

136 From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that rhymes with the given word.

Tenderly
A actually
B slenderly
C faithfully
D constantly
This question is from the novel 'The Last Days at Forcados High school'.

‘What is this good-for-nothing doing in my house’. Whose words were these?

A Jimi
B Mrs Solade
C Mr solade
D Wole

From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same vowel sound as the one represented by the underlined letters or letters underlined.

Brought
A roar
From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same consonant sounds as the one represented by the letters underlined.

Gritty

A asked
B sachet
C depot
D wrestle

Choose the option that best fills the gap.
Whilst the thief was -------------- the passengers kept apologizing for the inconveniences he was causing them.

A rabbing

B rubbing

C robbing

D rubbying

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141 This question is from the novel 'The Last Days at Forcados High school'.

‘I could hear his voice from a distance, rowdy and full of fun as usual,’ to whom were these words said to and who said it?
From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same consonant sounds as the one represented by the letters underlined.

Zoo

A  assault
B  assist
C  release
D  please
From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same consonant sounds as the one represented by the letters underlined.

Chalet

A. champion

B. chair

C. champagne

D. cheapen

This question is from the novel The Last Days at Forcados High school.

What was the name of Jimi’s elder brother who stays abroad?

A. Wole

B. Femi
From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same consonant sounds as the one represented by the letters underlined.

dice

A  shame
B  cue
C  chair
D  loss
146 Choose the option that best fills the gap.

My ____________ is for you to refuse the _______ of the wicked

A advise/advice

B advice/advice

C advice/advise

D advise/advise

147 Choose the option that best fills the gap.

That single ___________ was enough to spoil a whole lifetime of good living

A occurrence

B occurence

C ocurrence
D occurence

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148 From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same vowel sound as the one represented by the underlined letters or letters underlined.

Mother

A labour

B cargo

C exhibit

D council

149 Choose the option that best fills the gap.
The officer was compelled to **seize** the suspect’s car.

A seize
B cease
C seize
D sease

Choose the option that best fills the gap.

For taking part in the unsuccessful **coup**,
the mutineers were court-martialed

A coope
B cope
C coup
D coupe
Choose the option that best fills the gap.

He missed the point because he took the statement ---

A  literally
B  litaraily
C  literary
D  unlitaterally

From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that rhymes with the given word.

Worst

A  burst
B  haste
From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same vowel sound as the one represented by the underlined letters or letters underlined.

Owl

A bowl

B tow

C howl

D route

This question is from the novel 'The Last Days at Forcados High school'.
What did papa Solade do after knowing that Wole and Jimi still saw secretly?

A. he flogged Jimi
B. he flogged Wole
C. sent Jimi away to Ibadan
D. sent Jimi's mother away

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155 This question is from the novel 'The Last Days at Forcados High school'.

‘Jims, we have a perfect meeting with Mr Mallum now’ who made this statement?

A. Seyi Lawal
B. Mr. Mallum
C. Mrs. Solade
From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same vowel sound as the one represented by the underlined letters or letters underlined.

granite

A lean

B sit

C contrite

D light
In chapter two, after the national anthem and assembly prayers, who gave a brief talk welcoming everyone?

A Seyi Lawal

B Jimi

C Mrs Solade

D The principal

Choose the option that best fills the gap.

Most of his personal --------------stolen

A effects were

B affects was

C effects was

D defects
This question is from the novel The Last Days at Forcados High school.

What prefect was Jimi?

A. food prefect
B. assembly prefect
C. health prefect
D. the headboy

Someone called Jimi after he left his food and got outside the gate of his house, Who is it?

A. Jimi uncle
B. Seyi lawal
Choose the option that best fills the gap.

The --------------- in an attempt to please the workers promised to provide for them an........as soon as possible.

A Commitee/ accommodation
B Committee/ accommodation
C committe/accommodasion
D committee/ accommodation

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From the words lettered A to D, choose the word that has the same consonant sounds as the one represented by the letters underlined.

**Straight**

A struggle  
B waste  
C waist  
D stare

**Answers: JAMB Past Questions: JAMB » English » 2015**

1. D

functions is the answer because Jobs and necessities are major forms of ‘functions’ leaving ‘investment’
2. D

The correct answer is D, 'Duty', because it is a tax you pay on something you buy leaving the other options (subsidy: a financial support or assistance, such as a grant) (Discount: to lend money upon deducting the discount or allowance for interests, as the banks discount notes and bills of exchange).

3. A

The amount of money or its equivalent received during a period of time in exchange for labor or services, from the sale of goods or property, or as profit from financial investments. For a wage earner, gross income is the amount of salary or wages paid to the individual by an employer, before any deductions are taken. For a wage earner, net income is the residual amount of earnings after all deductions have been taken from gross pay, such as payroll taxes and retirement plan contributions.

4. D

goods and services are co-relative ever since time begin
5. A

The answer is consumption, because its patterns can be alternated unlike (production, development and growth)

6. D

The Government is able to control the country’s economy D’ not (account, budgets, prices) by imposing taxes sometimes to prevent malnutrition. Frequently the baby’s problem begins even before birth. If a mother is undernourished or malnourished before and during pregnancy, the baby will have low weight. Then early weaning, poor feeding habits and lack of hygiene can bring malnutrition.

7. B

The major function of any government is the provision social services. settlement, embarkment and commitment can fit or mean the same as provision of social services

8. B

Capitals with which it carries outs functions and execution of project. Examples are provision of basic
amenities, infrastructures, jobs and necessities are a major forms of function leaving investment out of the picture.

9. C

Inflation is an increase in the general level of prices or in the cost of living, and not - a deflation: a decrease in the general price level, that is, the nominal cost of goods and services as as wages or monopoly: a situation by legal privilege or other agreement, in which solely are party (company, cartel, etc) exclusively provides a particular product or service.

10. C

In chapter one, after a few paragraphs, Jimi asked Wole because he knew that his father was going to be mad seeing Wole after what he did (almost making his father) bankrupt.

11. C

12. A
While entering Mr Mallum’s office, Jimi and Seyi Lawal met two persons coming out of the principal’s office, they were Efua and her mother. The others in the options were not present at the time of the event

13. B

After Wole had look round the room and found everything still intact, he picked up a watch beside Jimi’s music CDs with his exact words in chapter 1:’man, this is some watch Must have cost a mountain, You always get all the nicest things, why…?’

14. D

The correct answer is ‘D’ because its correct spelling is ‘possess’. The others on the list are properly spelt.

15. A

The novel described Teacher Bade as “cane” because he was always waiting for the next helpless kid who will fail into his trap

16. B

The correct answer is ‘B’ privilege which means (a peculiar benefit, advantage, or favour; a right or
immunity not enjoyed by others by others or by all. The others are wrongly spelt.

17. B

18. D

The answer is D because the word seat is transcribed /si:t/. The ‘ea’ in it represent the long vowel /i:/ (a) is transcribed hide /haid/, peasant /pezant/ head /hed/ word that has the same vowel sound as seat.

19. C

20. B

The answer is B because the word ‘pass’ is transcribes /pa:s/ and is a longer form of /ae/. In the options above the word ‘earth’ /Ʒ:o/ or /Ʒ or o/, ‘lass’ /wes/ but the word ‘clerk’/kla:k/ has the same long vowel sound as pass /pa:s/

21. D

The answer is ‘D’ because it is its present perfect continuous tense
22. A

his statement was made by Aunt Moni while she was introducing Efua to Mrs Ekpo (Nene’s mum) and Nene to Efua

23. A

The correct answer is A ‘flour’ /flaur/ because it has the same vowel sound (diphthong) /au/, followed by the 12th vowel sound /e/ while the orders have the diphthong /ai/ followed by the 12th vowel sound /e/. ‘liar’ /laid/, ‘flier’ /flaid/

24. C

The answer is ‘C’ because only ‘threat’ rhymes with ‘fret’. The others do not rhyme.

25. D

Wole smiled revealing only his upper Teeth because he had seen his brother (Jimi) after a long time.

26. B

The correct answer is B (sun) /sun/because it possesses the same vowel sound as ‘done’ /dnn/. The possesses the long vowels form of /c/ in the word.
Efua is related to Mrs Alli who lives on Balogun street not too far from Nene Ekpo, Jimi and Arisa’s house.

In chapter two, we were meant to understand that Mr. Mallum was a small, wiry man with an odd accent, as if he spoke through his nose.

The correct answer is ‘A’ because it is in the future tense and it has not happened and might not happen at the future tense and it has not happened and might not happen at the time speculated.

The answer is ‘D’ because only ‘trees’ /triːz/ whose plural form ‘-s’ becomes ‘-z’ rhymes with ‘breeze’ /briːz/. The other options ‘stress’ and ‘chess’ have similar rhymes, leaving free /friː/ alone.
The correct answer is ‘B’ ‘believe’ which is properly spelt as ‘believe’. The others on the list are properly spelt.

The correct answer is ‘D’ because it is a past perfect tense. Option ‘A’ is ‘would be’ which implies the future past tense, option ‘B’ ‘have been’ which means/is a present perfect tense, option ‘C’ are which indicates ‘plural’

The correct answer is ‘D’ heroes because it is the plural form of ‘hero’. The others are wrongly spelt.

The correct answer is ‘C’ defused which means to remove the fuse from (bomb etc).

36. D

37. B

38. C
The answer to this is ‘C’ because the word ‘song’ /son/ /scːɡ/ has the same consonant nasal sound as ‘hang’ /hæɡ/ while the other option have different sounds ‘hinge’, Einge /ˈɛɪndz/, ‘balm’ /baːm/

39. B

The answer is ‘B’ has been robbed because it is a present perfect tenses. Option (a) is in past perfect form, option (C) is a past continuous option is a present continuous form.

40. A

The answer as regards the word purse /pɜːs/ is journey /ˈdʒɜːni/ because it has the same vowel sound A ‘journey’ is the answer as opposed pays /ˈpeɪs/. heart /haːt/ which has the long vowel /aː/ and course /koːs/

41. C

When Mrs Ekpo came visiting, she already heard about Efua’s coming and the news of Efua attending the same school as her daughter. She was practically talking to Efua

42. B
The answer is B because ‘food’ /fuːd/ has exactly the same vowel sound as ‘shoe’ /suːl/ and it is the long vowel sound of full. The other words in the options. ‘blood’ /blʌnd/, ‘full’ /ful/ (short form of /uː/ and course /'pʊt' /put/.

43. C

this statement was made in front of the hall and taking just before assembly by the headboy, Seyi Lawal, reporting what the principal ordered. The answer is

(c) because the senior prefects were joined by Jimi, trying to organize everybody into lines and we were not told about the presence of the non-teaching staff at that time of event.

44. C

The correct answer is ‘C’ because the main/primary stress of the word ‘education is on the third syllable. Another thing is that ends in ‘tion’ /'sɪon/' are stressed on its penultimate (before the last) education/ edju’keijan/

45. D
In the latter part of chapter two, Jimi was actually thinking about all that had happened and recounting how his brother “wole” has been expelled from two different school and kicked out of the university. He also thought about how he (wole) has falsified his father’s signature and made with a lot of money. The answer is (d) Wole

46. D

47. C

48. C

The correct answer is ‘C’ because it is properly spelt with the use of the correct tense. ‘Trafficking means’ the exploitative movement of people across boarders or the distribution of illegal drugs.

49. A

The answer is ‘A’ has because it signifies form. According to the law of concord ‘each’ signifies ‘are’ and it has to go with a singular verb and not plural

50. D
51. C

The correct answer is (C) because a sentence is arranged in a formation which is (subject, verb and object) the subject is the doer of the action, the verb is the action (auxiliary + lexical/main verb) and the object which is the receiver of the action.

I couldn’t help laughing = past continuous tense
Subject (I) auxiliary verb (couldn’t) lexical verb (help)
The other options are disarranged and not appropriate.

52. A

53. A

This statement was made by Efua’s aunt in chapter three after which Funmi (Efua’s mum) had introduced Efua to her aunt (Sis Moni) and while Efua helped her aunt to carry her bags inside, her aunt kept chatting in a high-pitched voice. Jimi and his brother were not at the scene.

54. C

The correct answer is ‘C’ received because it is properly spelt and means ‘to get, to be given something’. The others are not properly spelt.
The word ‘bought’ is transcribed /bc:t/ and it is the long vowel sound of /ɔ/. The answer is A ‘roar’ /rɔ:/. or /rɔ:/ and it is the long vowel sound as ‘bought’ /bc:t/. the others have different vowel sounds like ‘plough’ /plau/, which has the diphthong /au/, ‘drought’ /draut/, also with the diphthong /au/ and ‘worse’ /wɜːs/ which has a different sound.

When you transcribe the word ‘gritty’ or pronounce it /grIti/, the ‘t’ in the word is heard or visible, so it is not a silent letter. The answer to this question is ‘A’ asked /a:skt/ or /aeskt/ because it is in a past form and some past forms changes in sound. The (‘-ed) where has the consonant sound ‘-t’ while other words have their ‘t’ in silent forms. ‘Sachet’ /sæjeil/, ‘depot’ /depəs/ or /di:pot/ and ‘wrestle’ /’resə/.

59. C

60. B
61. D

62. C

The answer is ‘C’ because only ‘champagne’ /ʃæmpIn/ has the same constant sound as ‘chalet’ /ʃæl.eI/. The other options are ‘champion’ /ʃzempIen/, ‘chair’ /ʃe/ and ‘Cheapen’ /EsI:pen/.

63. B

Femi was the name of Jimi’s elder brother who lives abroad while Wole was the Jimi’s brother who stole (went away) with their father (Mr Solade’s) money.

64. D

The correct answer is ‘D’ because only ‘loss’ /lcs/ has the same consonant sound as ‘dice’ /dais/. Others are ‘shame’ /seim/, ‘cue’ /kju/, ‘chair’ /ʃea/ or /ʃer/.

65. B

The correct answer is ‘B’. It has to do with the forms of parts of speech. In this case, advice (noun) fits the gaps but not advise (verb) cannot fit according to its intended use in the sentence. The word ‘advice’
simply means ‘an opinion recommended or offered, as worthy to be followed; counsel. The other option, A, D, C are incorrectly arranged.

66. A

The correct answer is ‘A’ wrong because it means ‘where a situation arises,. While others are not properly spelt. The correct answer is occurrence.

67. A

68. A

The correct answer is ‘A’ which means to take possession of (by force, laws etc). While option ‘B’ means to stop doing something’

69. C

The correct answer is ‘C’ as relating to government; a coup is ‘a takeover of government’. Option A, B, C are totally wrong.

70. A

The correct answer is ‘A’ ‘literally’ because it means word for word; not figuratively; not as a idiom or
metaphor. The other options are not well spelt like option ‘B’ literary is relating with literature.

71. A

The answer is ‘A’ ‘burst’ /bz:rt/ and ‘worst’ /wz:st/ have almost the same sound and rhyme while ‘haste’ /heist/, ‘guessed’ /gesd/, ‘perched’ /pz:ls/ sounds differently

72. C

The word ‘owl’ /au/ and the answer is c (howl) /hawl/ because it has the same diphthong /au/ (two vowel sounds) (produced as one)

73. C

Papa Solade became so furious when he discovered Jimi and Wole still saw each other secretly, so he decided to send Jimi to Ibadan for the holidays because he didn’t want Jimi under Wole’s bad influence. Therefore, option c is the answer.

74. A
This statement was made by the headboy, Seyi Lawal when he was asked to call Jimi for a meeting by the principal, Mr Mallum.

75. B

The answer is B because the word ‘sit’ has the same vowel sound as the one underlined in ‘granite. The letter ‘I’in granite represent the short vowel. Sound /i/ and not the diphthong /ai/. Granite /graenit/ not /grænait/ /sit/ for sit.

76. D

Seyi lawal did not give the welcome address, he only led the national Anthem but the principal. Mr Mallum gave the brief talk after the assembly prayers.

77. A

The correct answer is ‘A’ ‘effects were’ because the word ‘effects’ is the plural of effect which means belongings. The word ‘defect’ means ‘a fault or malfunction. The other options are totally incorrect.

78. C
The book tells us that Jimi was the health prefect, while Seyi Lawal was the headboy.

79. D

80. D

81. A

82. D

functions is the answer because Jobs and necessities are major forms of ‘functions’ leaving ‘investment’ out of the picture.

83. D

The correct answer is D, 'Duty', because it is a tax you pay on something you buy leaving the other options (subsidy: a financial support or assistance, such as a grant) (Discount: to lend money upon deducting the discount or allowance for interests, as the banks discount notes and bills of exchange).

84. A
The amount of money or its equivalent received during a period of time in exchange for labor or services, from the sale of goods or property, or as profit from financial investments. For a wage earner, gross income is the amount of salary or wages paid to the individual by an employer, before any deductions are taken. For a wage earner, net income is the residual amount of earnings after all deductions have been taken from gross pay, such as payroll taxes and retirement plan contributions.

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malnourished before and during pregnancy, the baby will have low weight. Then early weaning, poor feeding habits and lack of hygiene can bring malnutrition.

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The major function of any government is the provision of social services. Settlement, embarkment and commitment can fit or mean the same as provision of social services.

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Capitals with which it carries out functions and execution of projects. Examples are provision of basic amenities, infrastructures, jobs and necessities are a major form of function leaving investment out of the picture.

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91. C

In chapter one, after a few paragraphs, Jimi asked Wole because he knew that his father was going to be mad seeing Wole after what he did (almost making his father) bankrupt.

92. C

93. A

While entering Mr Mallum’s office, Jimi and Seyi Lawal met two persons coming out of the principal’s office, they were Efua and her mother. The others in the options were not present at the time of the event.

94. B

After Wole had look round the room and found everything still intact, he picked up a watch beside Jimi’s music CDs with his exact words in chapter 1: ‘man, this is some watch Must have cost a mountain, You always get all the nicest things, why…?’
95. **D**

The correct answer is ‘D’ because its correct spelling is ‘possess’. The others on the list are properly spelt.

96. **A**

The novel described Teacher Bade as “cane” because he was always waiting for the next helpless kid who will fall into his trap.

97. **B**

The correct answer is ‘B’ privilege which means (a peculiar benefit, advantage, or favour; a right or immunity not enjoyed by others by others or by all. The others are wrongly spelt.

98. **B**

99. **D**

The answer is D because the word seat is transcribed /si:t/. The ‘ea’ in it represent the long vowel /i:/ (a) is transcribed hide /haid/, peasant /pezant/ head /hed/ word that has the same vowel sound as seat.

100. **C**
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The answer is B because the word ‘pass’ is transcribes /pa:s/ and is a longer form of /æ/. In the options above the word ‘earth’ /Ʒ:o/ or /Ʒ or o/, ‘lass’ /wes/ but the word ‘clerk’/kla:k/ has the same long vowel sound as pass /pa:s/

102. D

The answer is ‘D’ because it is its present perfect continuous tense

103. A

his statement was made by Aunt Moni while she was introducing Efua to Mrs Ekpo (Nene’s mum) and Nene to Efua

104. A

The correct answer is A ‘flour’ /flaur/ because it has the same vowel sound (diphthong) /au/, followed by the 12th vowel sound /e/ while the orders have the diphthong /ai/ followed by the 12th vowel sound /e/. ‘liar’ /laid/, ‘flier’ /flaid/

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The answer is ‘C’ because only ‘threat’ rhymes with ‘fret’. The others do not rhyme.

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Wole smiled revealing only his upper Teeth because he had seen his brother (Jimi) after a long time.

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The correct answer is B (sun) /sun/because it possesses the same vowel sound as ‘done’ /dnn/. The possesses the long vowels form of /c/ in the word.

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In chapter two, we were meant to understand that Mr. Mallum was a small, wiry man with an odd accent, as if he spoke through his nose.

110. A

The correct answer is ‘A’ because it is in the future tense and it has not happened and might not happen
at the future tense and it has not happened and might not happen at the time speculated.

111. D

112. D

The answer is ‘D’ because only ‘trees’ /triːz/ whose plural form ‘-s’ becomes ‘-z’ rhymes with ‘breeze’ /briːz/. The other options ‘stress’ and ‘chess’ have similar rhymes, leaving free /friː/ alone.

113. B

The correct answer is ‘B’ ‘believe’ which is properly spelt as ‘believe’. The others on the list are properly spelt.

114. D

The correct answer is ‘D’ because it is a past perfect tense. Option ‘A’ is ‘would be’ which implies the future past tense, option ‘B’ ‘have been’ which means/is a present perfect tense, option ‘C’ are which indicates ‘plural’.

115. D
The correct answer is ‘D’ heroes because it is the plural form of ‘hero’. The others are wrongly spelt.

116. C

The correct answer is ‘C’ defused which means to remove the fuse from (bomb etc).

117. D

118. B

119. C

The answer to this is ‘C’ because the word ‘song’ /son/ /scːɡ/ has the same consonant nasal sound as ‘hang’ /hæɡ/ while the other option have different sounds ‘hinge’, Einge /EIndz/, ‘balm’ /baːm/

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122. C

When Mrs Ekpo came visiting, she already heard about Efua’s coming and the news of Efua attending the same school as her daughter. She was practically talking to Efua

123. B

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(c) because the senior prefects were joined by Jimi, trying to organize everybody into lines and we were
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The correct answer is ‘C’ because the main/primary stress of the word ‘education is on the third syllable. Another thing is that ends in ‘tion’ /’sion’ are stressed on its penultimate (before the last) education/edju’keijan/

126. D

In the latter part of chapter two, Jimi was actually thinking about all that had happened and recounting how his brother “wole” has been expelled from two different school and kicked out of the university. He also thought about how he (wole) has falsified his father’s signature and made with a lot of money. The answer is (d) Wole

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128. C

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140. C

141. B

142. D

143. C

The answer is ‘C’ because only’ champagne’ /ʃæmpeIn/ has the same constant sound as ‘chalet’ /ʃæl.eI/. The other options are ‘champion’ /ʧzemspien/, ‘chair’ /ʧe/ and Cheapen’ /EsI:pen/.

144. B

Femi was the name of Jimi’s elder brother who lives abroad while Wole was the Jimi’s brother who stole (went away) with their father (mr solade’s ) money.
The correct answer is ‘D’ because only ‘loss’ /ləs/ has the same consonant sound as ‘dice’ /dais/. Others are ‘shame’ /seɪm/, ‘cue’ /kju/, ‘chair’ /ʃeə/ or /ʃeər/.

The correct answer is ‘B’. It has to do with the forms of parts of speech. In this case, advice(noun) fits the gaps but not advise(verb) cannot fit according to its intended use in the sentence. The word ‘advice’ simply means ‘an opinion recommended or offered, as worthy to be followed; counsel. The other option, A, D, C are incorrectly arranged.

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The correct answer is ‘C’ as relating to government; a coup is ‘a takeover of government’. Option A, B, C are totally wrong.

The correct answer is ‘A’ ‘literally’ because it means word for word; not figuratively; not as a idiom or metaphor. The other options are not well spelt like option ‘B’ literary is relating with literature.

The answer is ‘A’ ‘burst’ /bz:rt/ and ‘worst’ /wz:st/ have almost the same sound and rhyme while ‘haste’ /heist/, ‘guessed’ /gesd/, ‘perched’ /pz:lz/ sounds differently

The word ‘owl’ /au/ and the answer is c (howl) /hawl/ because it has the same diphthong /au/ (two vowel sounds) (produced as one)
Papa Solade became so furious when he discovered Jimi and Wole still saw each other secretly, so he decided to send Jimi to Ibadan for the holidays because he didn’t want Jimi under Wole’s bad influence. Therefore, option c is the answer.

155. A

This statement was made by the headboy, Seyi Lawal when he was asked to call Jimi for a meeting by the principal, Mr Mallum.

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The answer is B because the word ‘sit’ has the same vowel sound as the one underlined in ‘granite. The letter ‘I’in granite represent the short vowel. Sound /i/ and not the diphthong /ai/. Granite /graenit/ not /grænait/ /sit/ for sit.

157. D

Seyi Lawal did not give the welcome address, he only led the national Anthem but the principal. Mr Mallum gave the brief talk after the assembly prayers.

158. A
The correct answer is ‘A’ ‘effects were’ because the word ‘effects’ is the plural of effect which means belongings. The word ‘defect’ means ‘a fault or malfunction. The other options are totally incorrect.

159. C

The book tells us that Jimi was the health prefect, while seyi lawal was the headboy.

160. D

161. D

162. A

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